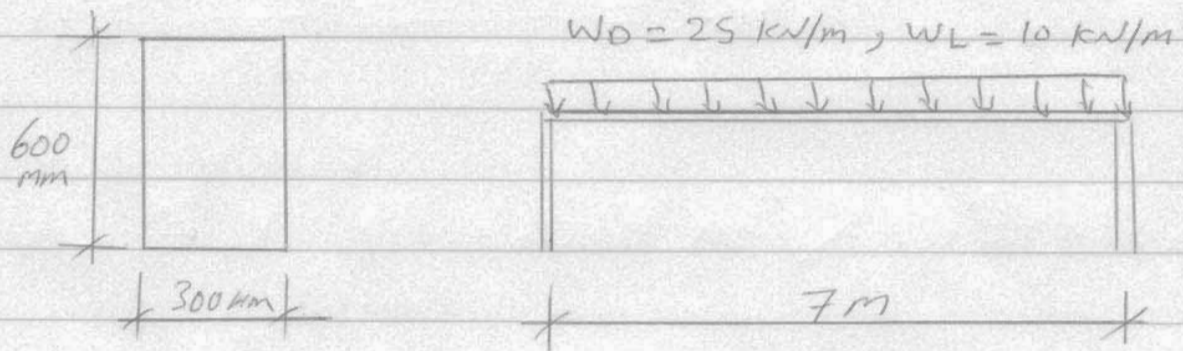


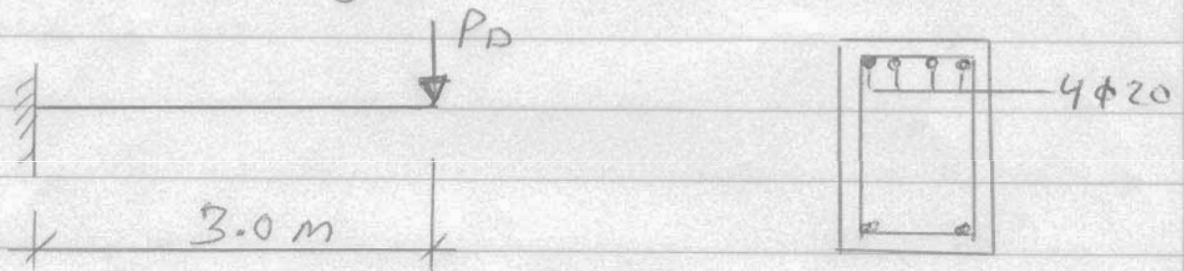
## Problems

1. Design the following beam by ultimate design method,  $f'_c = 21 \text{ N/mm}^2$ ,  $f_y = 420 \text{ N/mm}^2$   
 $\gamma_c = 24 \text{ kN/m}^3$ .



2. Analyze the following beam by using ultimate strength method, find maximum value of load ( $P_D$ ) applied on the edge of cantilever.

$b = 300 \text{ mm}$ ,  $h = 600 \text{ mm}$ ,  $A_s = 4\phi 20 \text{ mm}$   
 $f'_c = 21 \text{ MPa}$ ,  $f_y = 420 \text{ MPa}$



## Design of Beams for Shear

Design of cross-sections subjected to shear shall be based on:

$$\phi V_n \geq V_u$$

where  $V_u$  is the factored shear force, and  $V_n$  is the nominal shear force.

$$V_n = V_c + V_s$$

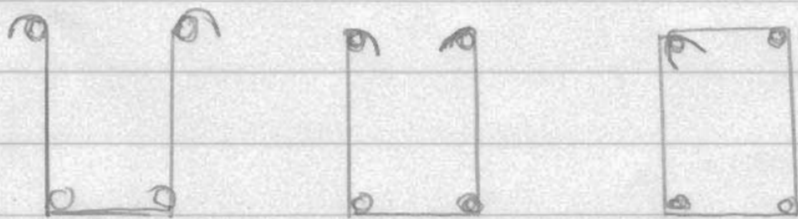
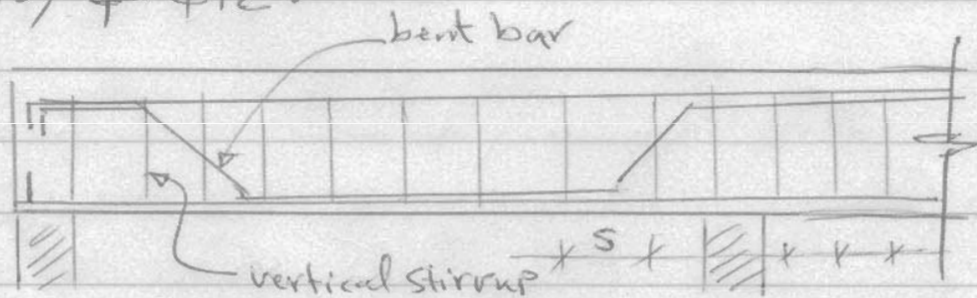
$V_c$  = shear force provided by concrete.

$V_s$  = shear force provided by shear reinforcement

### Types of Shear (web) Reinforcement :-

Web reinforcement is provided in the form of vertical or inclined stirrups, spaced at varying intervals along the beam.

Relatively small size bars are used, generally  $\phi 8$ ,  $\phi 10$ ,  $\phi 12$ .



open stirrup

Closed Stirrup



$$V_c = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{f'_c} \cdot b_w \cdot d \quad (\text{Shear force provided by concrete})$$

$$\approx 0.17 \sqrt{f'_c} b_w \cdot d$$

OR

$$V_c = (0.16 \sqrt{f'_c} + 17.2 \rho_w \frac{V_u \cdot d}{M_u}) b_w \cdot d \sqrt{f'_c}$$

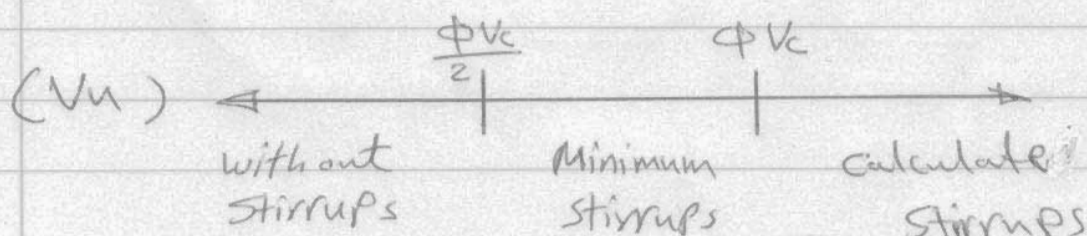
$$0.3 \sqrt{f'_c} b_w \cdot d \quad \text{with} \quad \frac{V_u \cdot d}{M_u} \leq 1.0$$

$$V_s = \frac{A_v \cdot f_y \cdot d}{s} \quad (\text{Shear force provided by vertical stirrups})$$

$$\therefore V_n = V_c + V_s \\ = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{f'_c} b_w \cdot d + \frac{A_v \cdot f_y \cdot d}{s}$$

ACI code 318 requirements of minimum stirrups and maximum spacing.

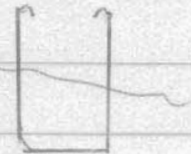
If  $V_u$  (shear force at factored loads) is not larger than  $(\phi V_c)$  calculated, theoretically no web reinforcement is required, however the code requires to provision at least a minimum web steel to be used, unless  $(V_u)$  smaller than one half of  $(\phi V_c)$  in this case no need to web reinforcement (beam will be without web reinforcement).



$$A_{V_{min}} = \frac{b_w \cdot s}{3 f_y} \approx 0.33 \frac{b_w \cdot s}{f_y}$$

$A_v$  for two legs

$$A_v = 2 \cdot A_b$$



$$V_u = \phi (V_c + V_s) \quad ; \quad \phi = 0.85$$

If ;

$$V_s \leq \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{f_c'} \cdot b_w \cdot d$$

$$S_{max} = \frac{d}{2} \text{ or } 600 \text{ mm}$$

If ;

$$V_s > \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{f_c'} \cdot b_w \cdot d$$

$$S_{max} = \frac{d}{4} \text{ or } 300 \text{ mm}$$

In all cases  $V_s$  must be taken not greater than  $\left( \frac{2}{3} \sqrt{f_c'} \cdot b_w \cdot d \right)$ .

Notes :

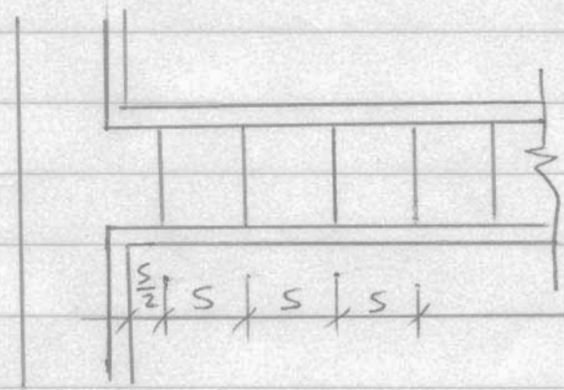
1- first stirrup should be placed at  $\frac{S}{2}$  from the face of support.



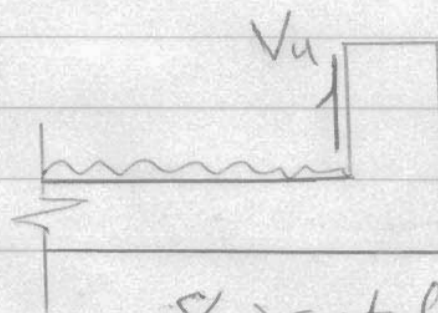
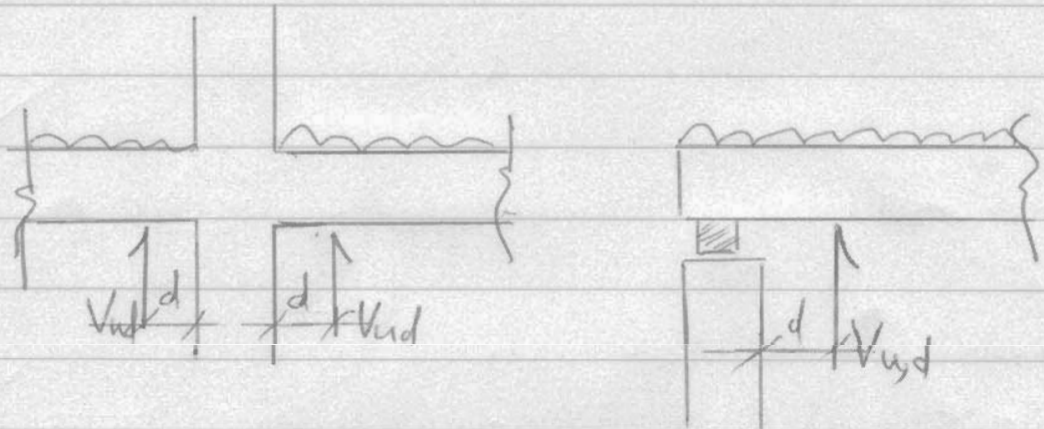
2- The maximum shear for design is calculated at a distance ( $d$ ) from face of the support when the following conditions are satisfied ;

- a - Support reaction in direction of applied shear introduces compression into the member -
- b - No concentrated load exists between face of support and location of critical section at distance ( $d$ ).

(1)



(2)



Shear at face

# Summary of limits for design of vertical stirrups under the ACI code

Region	$V_n$ Boundaries (kN)	$A_v$ ( $\text{mm}^2$ )	$S_{\text{max}}$ (mm)
I	$0 \leq V_n \leq \frac{1}{2} V_c$ $0 \leq V_n \leq \frac{1}{12} \sqrt{f'_c} \cdot b_w \cdot d$	/	/
II	$\frac{1}{2} V_c \leq V_n \leq V_c$ $\frac{1}{12} \sqrt{f'_c} \cdot b_w \cdot d \leq V_n \leq \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{f'_c} \cdot b_w \cdot d$	$A_{v_{\text{min}}} = \frac{b_w \cdot S}{3 f_y}$	$\frac{3 A_{v_{\text{min}}} \cdot f_y}{b_w}$
III	$V_c \leq V_n \leq V_c + V_s$ $\neq V_s \leq \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{f'_c} \cdot b_w \cdot d$	$A_v = \frac{V_s \cdot S}{f_y \cdot d}$	$d/2 \text{ or } 600 \text{ mm}$
IV	$V_n > \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{f'_c} \cdot b_w \cdot d$ $\neq V_s > \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{f'_c} \cdot b_w \cdot d$	//	$d/4 \text{ or } 300 \text{ mm}$