		University of Basrah		
	Colle	ge of Information Techno	ology	
Year:	2014/2015	Semester:	Second	

Course Information			
Course Title	Introduction to Geographic Information Systems (GIS)		
Course Number	IS454		
Prerequisites	None		
Credits			
Teaching Method			

	Assessment Policy				
Assessment Type	Expected Due Date	Weight			

## **AIMS & OBJECTIVES**

The objective of this course is to allow student gain the concepts and techniques of handling geographical data using geographical information system (GIS) technology. Upon completion of this course, students will be able to understand basic principle of GIS, to operate GIS software, and to solve spatial problems using GIS.

## Learning Outcomes

Geographical Information System (GIS) is an information system that is specially designed for handling spatial (or geographical) data. It combines a set of interrelated sub-systems that create, edit, manipulate, analyse and display data both in text and graphic forms. GIS supports spatial analysis and modelling within the discipline of geography (e.g. location, proximity, and spatial distribution), so that it becomes a vital tool for modern geography.

Week	Topics
	1) GIS definition
	2) Representing the real world
	3) The Nature of Geographical Data
	4) GIS data modelling
	5) Spatial analysis
	6) Global position system (GPS)
	7) Data visualization and GIS
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Textbook
1) Longley, P.A., Goodchild, M.F., Maguire, D.J., and Rhind, D.W., Geographic Information
Systems and Science, New York, John Wiley & Sons, 2011.
2) Otto Huisman and Rolf A. de, Principles of Geographical Information System. Netherlands,
ITC, Enschede, 2009
Reference