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Synthesis, characterization and antibacterial activity of some new ferrocenyl selenazoles and 3,5-diferrocenyl-1,2,4-selenadiazole

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Highlights

- A new series of novel ferrocene derivatives containing selenazole-moiety were synthesized.
- Ferrocenyl selenocarboxamide and 3,5-diferrocenyl-1,2,4-selenadiazole were synthesized.
- The new compounds showed potential biological activity against *Staphylococcus* aureus, *Escherichia coli* and *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* strains.

Abstract

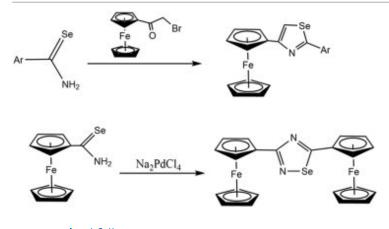
New ferrocenyl containing selenazole derivatives were synthesized from reactions of aryl selenocarboxamide (*i.e.* Ar–C=Se(NH₂); Ar= C_6H_5 (1), 4-Br- C_6H_4 (2), 4-Ph C_6H_4 (3), 4-CH₃OC₆H₄ (4), 4-CH₃SC₆H₄ (5), 6-MeO–naphyl (6), 4-MeO–naphthyl (7), 4-C₂H₅OC₆H₄ (8), 3,4-(CH₃O)₂C₆H₃ (9), and 3,5-(CH₃O)₂C₆H₃ (10)) with (2-bromoacetyl)ferrocene. The structures of the new compounds were determined by elemental analyses, IR, ¹H and ¹³C NMR and mass spectroscopic data.

Reaction of 1-cyanoferrocene with sodium hydrogen selenide (NaHSe) in methanol gave the new ferrocenyl selenocarboxamide (11) in 27% yield. Treatment of compound 11 with a catalytic amount of $Na_2[PdCl_4]$ gave 3,5-diferrocenyl-1,2,4-selenadiazole in 35% yield. Both compounds were characterized elemental analyses and spectroscopic techniques.

Compounds **1–10** and **12** were screened as antibacterial agents against *Staphylococcus aureus*, *Escherichia coli* and *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* and showed promising properties.

Graphical abstract

New ferrocenyl containing selenazole derivatives, ferrocenyl selenocarboxamide and 3,5-diferrocenyl-1,2,4-selenadiazole were prepared and characterized by several spectroscopic techniques. The new compounds were screened as antibacterial agents against *Staphylococcus aureus*, *Escherichia coli* and *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* and showed promising properties.



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Keywords

Ferrocenyl selenazoles; 3,5-Diferrocenyl-1,2,4-selenadiazole; (2-Bromoacetyl) ferrocene; Selenocarboxamide; Sodium hydrogen selenide

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