

Journals & Books

Create account

Sign in





Share Export





Synthetic Metals
Volume 257, November 2019, 116158

# Synthesis, characterization, and study of the nonlinear optical properties of two new organic compounds

Qusay M.A. Hassan <sup>a</sup>  $\stackrel{\triangle}{\sim}$   $\stackrel{\boxtimes}{\sim}$ , H.A. Sultan <sup>a</sup>, Ahmed S. Al-Asadi <sup>a</sup>, Ayat Jawdat Kadhim <sup>b</sup>, Nazar A. Hussein <sup>b</sup>, C.A. Emshary

**⊞ Show more** 

https://doi.org/10.1016/j.synthmet.2019.116158

Get rights and content

## Highlights

- The nonlinear optical properties of OpTpPzNi(II) and PcAlCl are investigated.
- The nonlinear refractive index is determined by Z-scan method.
- The OpTpPzNi (II) solution exhibits self-diffraction ring patterns.

#### **Abstract**

Two new compounds, viz., Octaphenyl Tetrapyrazino Porphrazine Nickel (OpTpPzNi (II)) and Phthalocyaninato Aluminum Chloride (PcAlCl) with two different central metal atoms nickel and aluminum are prepared and identified respectively. Self-diffraction ring patterns were observed, as the solution of OpTpPzNi(11) in the solvent dimethyformamide was illuminated with continuous wave low power laser beams of 473 nm and 532 nm, respectively. It was found that the diffraction ring patterns depend critically on wavelengths and intensities of laser beams. Simulation results of the experimental diffraction ring patterns using Fresnel-Kirchhoff integral are obtained. The theoretical findings are in good accord with the experimental ones. The nonlinear refractive index, n<sub>2</sub>, of OpTpPzNi(II) solution is determined by diffraction ring patterns and the Z-scan techniques, while the nonlinear refractive index, n<sub>2</sub>, of PcAlCl solution is estimated by Z-scan technique only.



Nex



#### **PACS**

42.70.-a; 42.65-k; 42.65.An

## Keywords

OpTpPzNi(II) and PcAlCl; Spatial self-phase modulation; Diffraction ring patterns; Z-scan; Nonlinear refractive index

Recommended articles

Citing articles (0)

View full text

© 2019 Elsevier B.V. All rights reserved.

### **ELSEVIER**

About ScienceDirect Remote access Shopping cart Advertise Contact and support Terms and conditions Privacy policy

We use cookies to help provide and enhance our service and tailor content and ads. By continuing you agree to the use of cookies.

Copyright © 2019 Elsevier B.V. or its licensors or contributors. ScienceDirect ® is a registered trademark of Elsevier B.V.

